FACULTY OF ENGINEEERING

BE III Semester (CBCS((Backlog) Examination, November 2021

Subject: Engineering Mathematics - III

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

(Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed)

PART - A

Note: Answer any five questions.

(5x2=10 Marks)

- 1. Show that f(z) = xy + iy is everywhere continuous but is not analytic.
- State Cauchy's integral formula for derivatives.
- 3. Show that $f(z) = \frac{\sin z}{z}$ has removable singularity.
- 4 Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$ about z = 2 in Taylor's series.
- **5.** Express f(x) = x as half-range sine series in 0 < x < 2.
- 6. Write Fourier series expansion of even periodic function f(x) in (-c,c).
- 7. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function from $z = (x + y)\emptyset(x^2 - y^2).$
- 8. Solve xp + yq = 3z.
- 9. Classify the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$.
- 10 Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ using the separation of variables.

- Find 'k' such that $f(x,y) = x^3 3kxy^2$ is harmonic and find its harmonic conjugate.

 by Palyate $\frac{e^{2z}}{(z+i)!}$: |z| = 3, using Cauchy's integral formula.

 - 1 a) Evaluate $\oint \frac{ze^{z}}{|z|+2} dz$, where c is |z| = 5. and the bilinear transformation which maps the points (1, i, -1) of z - plane to (2, i, -2) of w - plane
 - Find the Fourier series expansion of following periodic function f(x) of period 4 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2+x, & -2 \le x \le 0 \\ 2+x, & 0 \le x \le 2 \end{cases}$ hence deduce that $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\tau^3}{8}$
- a) Find the general solution of the partial differential equation

$$(y+z)p+(z+v)q=x+y.$$

b) Solve $(D^2 + 4DD' - 5D'^2)z = \sin(2x + 3y)$.

15. An elastic string of length l which is fastened at its end x=0 and x=l is picked up at its center point x=l/2 to a height of h and released from rest. Find the lateral displacement of the string at any instant time.

10.1a) Expand
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{(z^2 - 3z + 2)}$$
 as Laurent's series in the region $(i) \ 0 < |z - 1| < 1$ $(ii) \ 0 < |z| < 2$. Solve $2\sqrt{p}$ $3\sqrt{q} = 6x + 2y$.

17. a) Show that $f(z) = \overline{z}$ is continuous at the point z = 0 but not differentiable at z = 0.

Express $f(x) = \frac{x}{2}$ as a Fourier series in $-\pi < x < \pi$.

The series in $-\pi < x < \pi$.

The series in $-\pi < x < \pi$.